UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/700,217	11/03/2003	Willem Roux	LSTC-002	3091	
37804 ROGER H. CH	7590 10/12/2007 [U	,	EXAMINER		
19499 ERIC DRIVE SARATOGA, CA 95070			PIERRE LOUIS, ANDRE		
SAICHTOON, C	CA 93070		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2123		
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/12/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

rc_patent@sbcglobal.net rogerchu168@hotmail.com rogerchu168@gmail.com

,		•	f			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	, ,			
	10/700,217	ROUX, WILLEM				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Andre Pierre-Louis	2123				
The MAILING DATE of this communicatio Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address -	-			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNI FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communica BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status			•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	07 August 2007.	•				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□	This action is non-final.					
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice un	nder <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.E). 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-7 and 9-13 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1, 3-7,9-13 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	thdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the oath or declaration is objected to by the specific sheet of the sp	accepted or b) objected to to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	18) Paper No(Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 				

Application/Control Number: 10/700,217 Page 2

Art Unit: 2123

DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed on 08/07/2007 has been received and fully considered.

2. Claims 1,8,14 remain cancelled and claims 1,3-7,9-13 are presented for examination.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 08/07/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- Applicant argues that Venkataraman and Tyron do not teach the "constructing, 3.1 selecting, identifying, and examining" steps of the claims; the Examiner respectfully disagrees and notes that the rejection is clearly mapped to show what the Examiner relies on for support in rejecting the instant claims. Venkataraman, used as primary reference, was relied upon for teaching the obtaining, constructing selecting, and examining steps of the claims, and the secondary reference, was relied upon for further support and the teaching of identifying and examining steps, as shown below in the grounds of rejection. The Examiner further asserts that Venkataraman does construct the metamodel (response surface), in which data points are selected for the evaluation of response function in the design and that design points are chosen to maximize the capability of the approximating function and minimize variance error (see for example pg. 134-136, 170-173, ch.5). Venkataraman goes on to substantially identify bifurcation region of a FEA model that represents the structural product and analyses the finite element response of outliers for maximum and minimum (see section 6.1-6.8). However, Tyron, III et al., the secondary reference is brought in to further support the Examiner's position in the rejection of the instant claims, substantially teaches constructing a metamodel in which appropriate probabilistic techniques is selected and identify for examining the finite response of a model to

Application/Control Number: 10/700,217 Page 3

Art Unit: 2123

determine effects/failure, such as buckling/bifurcation in a FEA (fig. 2a-d, col. 5 lines 36-col. 6 lines 45; also see fig. 5).

3.2 While the applicant believes that the independent claims, along with the dependent claims should be found allowable, the Examiner respectfully disagrees and asserts that the combined teachings of the cited references substantially teach the entire claimed invention.

Applicant is further encouraged to take a look at the additional references not used shown in the conclusion section of this and previous action. However, the grounds of rejections below fully support the Examiner's position in rejecting the instant claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the
- Claims 1,3-7,9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Venkataraman (Modeling, Analyzing, and Optimization of Cylindrical Stiffened Panels for Reusable Launch Vehicle Structures, 1999), in view of Tyron, III et al. (U.S. Patent No. 7,006,947).
- 4.1 In considering the independent claims 1,7, and 13, Venkataraman substantially teaches a method for distinguishing effect due to design variable changes used in a finite element analysis for designing a structural product, in particular the steps of obtaining in a computing device a plurality of finite element analysis responses for a set of design experiments, wherein each of the set of design experiments has a specific combination of design variables values

Art Unit: 2123

(pg. 62-67, 163-167); constructing a metamodel from the plurality of finite element responses (pg.4-5,29-33,128-139,154,170); and selecting a set of outliers from the set of design experiments whose finite element analysis responses are not predicted by the metamodel (pg.47-48,135-138); identifying high likelihood bifurcation region of a FEA that represents the structural product by plotting an indicating quantity of the finite element responses (pg.128-130, 170-174); and examining the finite element responses of a couple of outliers to determine whether the effects are due to bifurcation or due to the design variable changes, wherein the couple of the outliers is maximum and minimum of the set of outliers (pg. 170-173, 137). Although Venkataraman does not specifically teach the exact term high likelihood a FEA, he substantially teaches performing a finite analysis on a response surface model to identify bifurcation region of a FEA model that represents the structural product and analyses the finite element response of outliers for maximum and minimum (see section 6.1-6.8). Nevertheless, Tyron, III et al. substantially teaches constructing a metamodel in which appropriate probabilistic techniques is selected and identify for examining the finite response of a model to determine effects/failure, such as buckling/bifurcation in a FEA (fig. 2a-d, col. 5 lines 36-col. 6 lines 45; also see fig. 5). Venkataraman and Tyron, III et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor and that the method and apparatus teaches by Tyron, III et al. is similar to that of Venkataraman. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skilled in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to combine the prediction failure system of Tyron, III et al. with the FEA system of Venkataraman because Tyron, III et al. teaches advantage of using the probabilistic analysis to provide a more accurate prediction of failure and a more rational design decisions at reduced cost and time (col.4 lines 26-37).

Application/Control Number: 10/700,217 Page 5

Art Unit: 2123

4.2 With regards to claims 3 and 9, the combined teaching of Venkataraman and Tyron, III et al. substantially teach that the metamodel is constructed using least squares fitting techniques (see Venkataraman pg.4-5, 154-157).

- 4.3 As per claims 4 and 10, the combined teaching of Venkataraman and Tyron, III et al. substantially teach that the metamodel is based on nodal displacement (see Venkataraman pg.10-13, 21,36-45,125,179).
- 4.4 With regards to claims 5 and 11, the combined teaching of Venkataraman and Tyron, III et al. substantially teach that the metamodel is based on acceleration history (see Venkataraman pg.10-13, 21,36-45,125,179).
- 4.5 Regarding claims 6 and 12, the combined teaching of Venkataraman and Tyron, III et al. substantially teach that the indicating quantity is chosen from the group consisting of standard deviation and range (see Venkataraman pg. 140-141).

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 5.1 Moler (U.S. Patent No. 6,879,087) teaches an apparatus for moving a pair of opposing surfaces in response to electrical activation.
 - 5.2 J.P. Bardet, Finite Element Analysis of Rockburst as surface instability, 1989.
- 6. Claims 1, 3-7,9-13 are rejected and **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

Application/Control Number: 10/700,217 Page 6

Art Unit: 2123

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the 7. examiner should be directed to Andre Pierre-Louis whose telephone number is 571-272-8636. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:00AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul L. Rodriguez can be reached on 571-272-3753. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000-

October 2, 2007

APL

PAUL RODRIGUEZ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE

LICHNOLOGY CENTER 2100